November-December 2012 – Emergency medicine

CPD questionnaires must be completed online via www.cpdjournals.co.za After submission you can check the answers and print your certificate.

MANAGEMENT OF COMMON ANIMAL BITES IN THE EMERGENCY CENTRE

- 1. In a patient who was bitten by a dog, which one of the following wounds will be the most appropriately managed by primarily suturing without antibiotic cover?
 - A. A clean puncture wound on the right hand
 - B. A slightly infected wound on the left forearm
 - C. A clean uninfected laceration on the right cheek 18 hours after the incident
 - D. A clean laceration on the back that was sustained during an attack by a stray dog that died from an unknown disease shortly after the incident
 - E. A puncture wound on the calf of the left leg draining pus.
- 2. Polyvalent antivenom produced by the South African Vaccine Producers (SAVP) is not effective against the venom of which one of the following snake species?
 - A. Puff adder (Bitis arietans)
 - B. Black mamba (Dendroapsis anguticeps)
 - C. Boomslang (Dispholidus typus)
 - D. Snouted cobra (Naja annulifera)
 - E. Forest cobra (Naja melanoleuca).

PATIENT SAFETY

3. True (A) or false (B):

Patient safety deals with the safety of a patient's belongings and person while admitted to a hospital.

- 4. Which one of the following is not recognised as a component of the high-reliability theory to minimise unsafe acts and accidents in organisations:
 - A. Organisational learning is an integral part of error prevention
 - B. Organisational leaders place safety as a top priority
 - C. Multiple backup systems exist (redundancy)
 - D. Some phenomena are regarded as inevitable and unavoidable
 - E. Authority is decentralised to the local level.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OF DRUG ABUSE IN SOUTH AFRICA

5. True (A) or false (B):

3,4 methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA) commonly presents with exertional hyperpyrexia.

6. True (A) or false (B):

Crack cocaine is the drug most commonly associated with respiratory complications that require hospital admission.

7. True (A) or false (B):

The use of MDMA is not associated with drug-induced liver failure.

TRIAGE IN MASS CASUALTY SITUATIONS

- 8. All the following statements concerning triage are true, except (choose one):
 - A. The aim of triage is to do the most for the most number of patients
 - B. Triage remains the sole responsibility of the EMS
 - C. Triage is a dynamic process and the patient's colour code may be altered

- D. It is important that one triage system is adopted so that all the relevant services use the same system
- E. Children will be over-triaged if the adult triage sieve is used.

9. Triage labels should have the following characteristics (choose one):

- A. Be highly visible
- B. Be waterproof but still allow for the documentation
- C. Have a simple means whereby the label can be attached to the patient
- D. Have an ability to log the time that the patient was triaged
- E. All of the above.

EMERGENCY POINT-OF-CARE ULTRASOUND APPLICATIONS

10. True (A) or false (B):

You can distinguish between different types of fluid such as urine, ascites and blood using EPCUS.

11. True (A) or false (B):

The presence of retroperitoneal haemorrhage cannot be reliably identified by EPCUS.

POISONOUS PLANTS

12. True (A) or false (B):

Severe poisoning may occur when Datura seeds are ingested.

13. True (A) or false (B):

Yellow syringa berries are poisonous.

EMERGENCY POINT-OF-CARE ULTRASOUND TRAINING, CREDENTIALING AND ACCREDITATION

14. True (A) or false (B):

There are many accredited EPCUS training programmes available for South African doctors.

15. True (A) or false (B):

Doctors completing an ultrasound course are sufficiently skilled to perform ultrasound on their patients.

ORAL MEDICINE

16. True (A) or false (B):

Oral medicine exists as a specialisation field in dentistry.

17. True (A) or false (B):

Early detection of oral cancer is a priority of routine oral examination.

MYELODYSPLASIA

18. True (A) or false (B):

Myelodysplasia is more common in men and in older people.

19. True (A) or false (B):

Anaemia is common in three-quarters of cases of myelodysplasia.

20. True (A) or false (B):

Anaemia is often symptomatic in myelodysplasia.